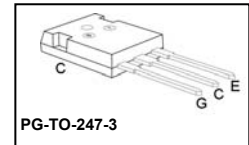
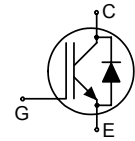


TrenchStop[®] Reverse Conducting (RC-)IGBT with monolithic body diode
Features:

- Powerful monolithic Body Diode with very low forward voltage
- Body diode clamps negative voltages
- Trench and Fieldstop technology for 1600 V applications offers :
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
- NPT technology offers easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Low EMI
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>


Applications:

- Inductive Cooking
- Soft Switching Applications

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CE(sat), T_J=25^\circ C}$	$T_{j,max}$	Marking	Package
IHW30N160R2	1600V	30A	1.8V	175°C	H30R1602	PG-TO-247-3

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	1600	V	
DC collector current $T_C = 25^\circ C$ $T_C = 100^\circ C$	I_C	60 30	A	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$	$I_{C,puls}$	90		
Turn off safe operating area ($V_{CE} \leq 1600V, T_j \leq 175^\circ C$)	-	90		
Diode forward current $T_C = 25^\circ C$ $T_C = 100^\circ C$	I_F	60 30		
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$	$I_{F,puls}$	90		
Diode surge non repetitive current, t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$ $T_C = 25^\circ C, t_p = 10ms$, sine halfwave $T_C = 25^\circ C, t_p \leq 2.5\mu s$, sine halfwave $T_C = 100^\circ C, t_p \leq 2.5\mu s$, sine halfwave	I_{FSM}	50 130 120	°C	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20		V
Transient Gate-emitter voltage ($t_p < 10 \mu s, D < 0.01$)		± 25		
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ C$	P_{tot}	312	W	
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40...+175	°C	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55...+175		
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260		

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		0.48	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJCD}		0.48	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}		40	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$	1600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=30A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.8	2.1	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE}=0V, I_F=30A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.65	2.0	
			-	2.0	-	
			-	2.0	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=0.75mA,$ $V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	5.1	5.8	6.4	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=1600V,$ $V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	5	μA
			-	-	2500	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=30A$	-	22.5	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	R_{Gint}			none		Ω

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1MHz$	-	2740	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	68.1	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	58.7	-	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=1280V,$ $I_C=30A; V_{GE}=15V$	-	94	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	13	-	nH

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$T_j=25^\circ C,$ $V_{CC}=600V, I_C=30A$ $V_{GE}=0 / 15V,$ $R_G=10\Omega$	-	525	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	38.3	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	-	-	
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	2.53	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	2.53	-	

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=175^\circ C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$T_j=175^\circ C$ $V_{CC}=600V, I_C=30A,$ $V_{GE}= 0 / 15V,$ $R_G= 10\Omega$	-	564	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	111	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	-	-	
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	4.37	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	4.37	-	

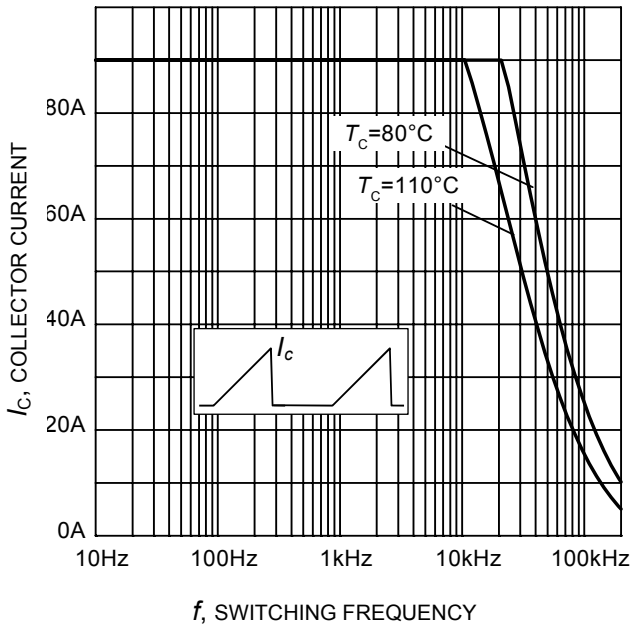


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency for hard switching (turn-off)
 ($T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 10\Omega$)

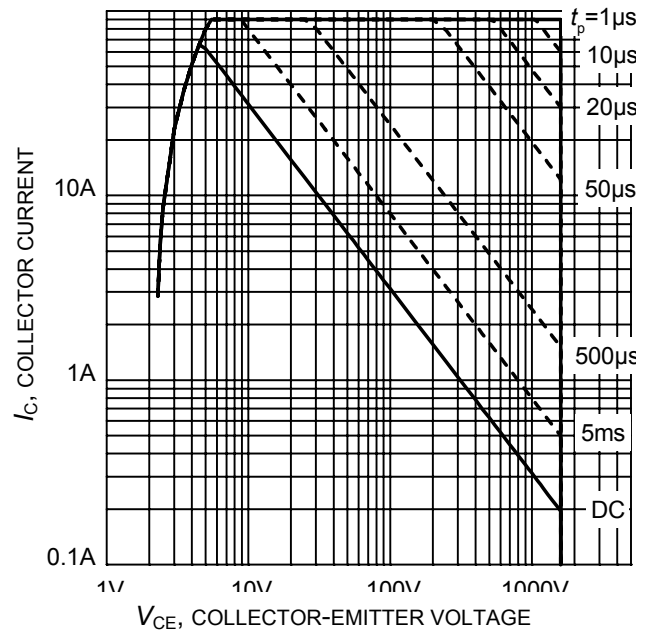


Figure 2. IGBT Safe operating area
 ($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

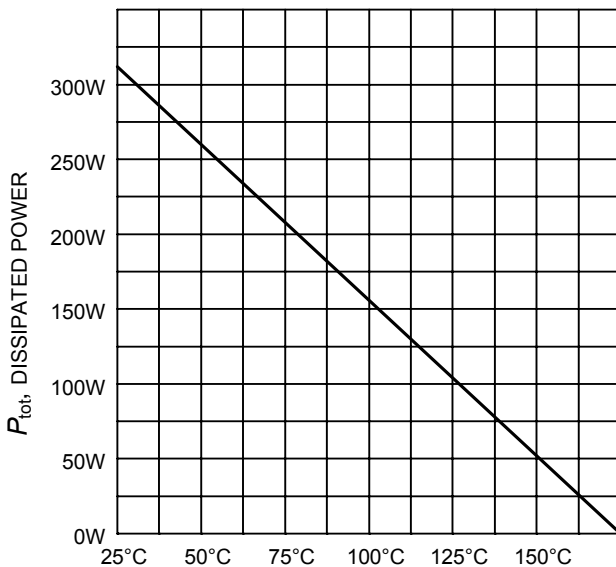


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 ($T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

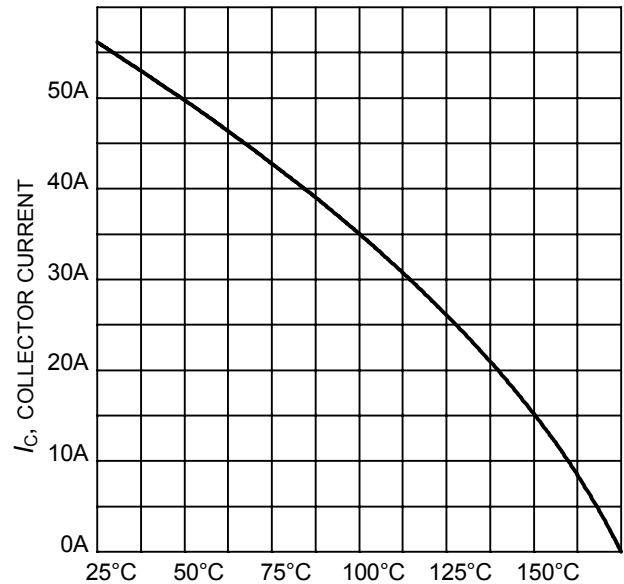


Figure 4. DC Collector current as a function of case temperature
 ($V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$)

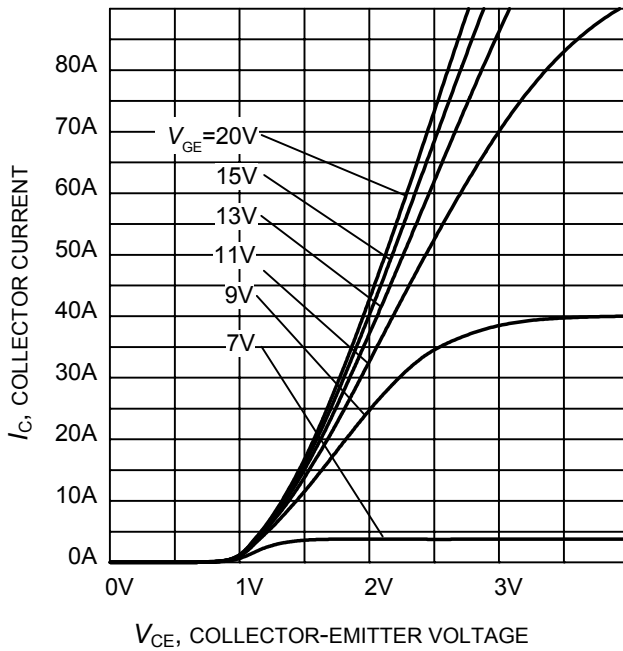


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

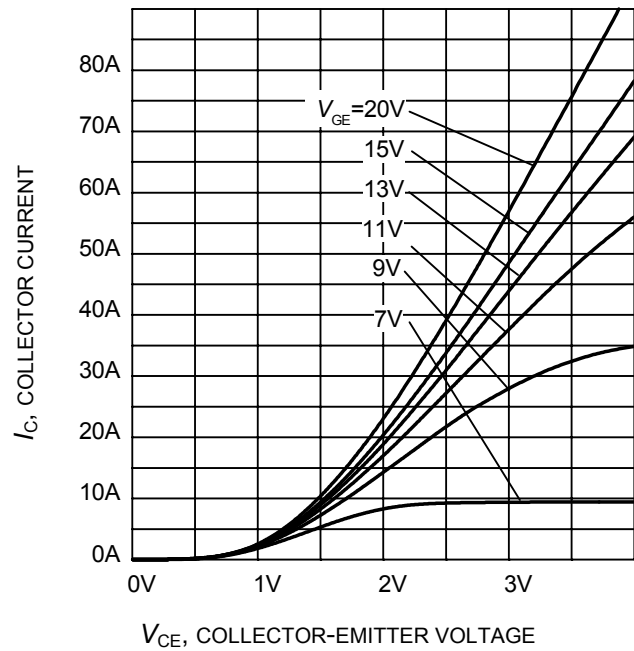


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$)

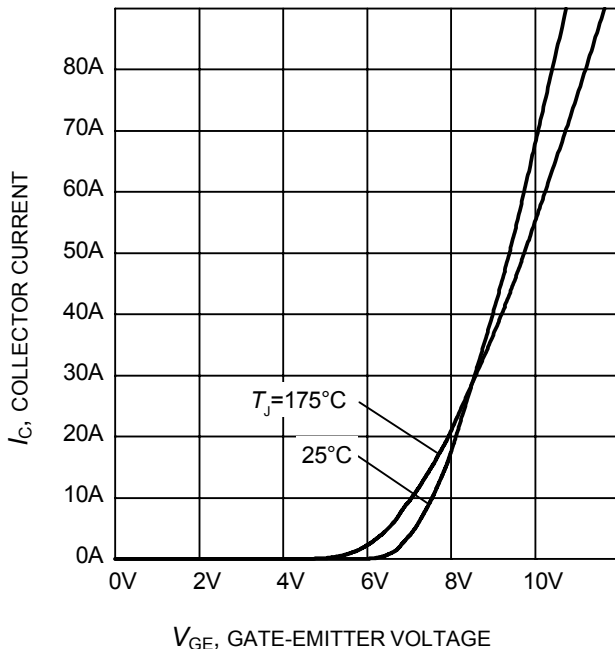


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic
($V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$)

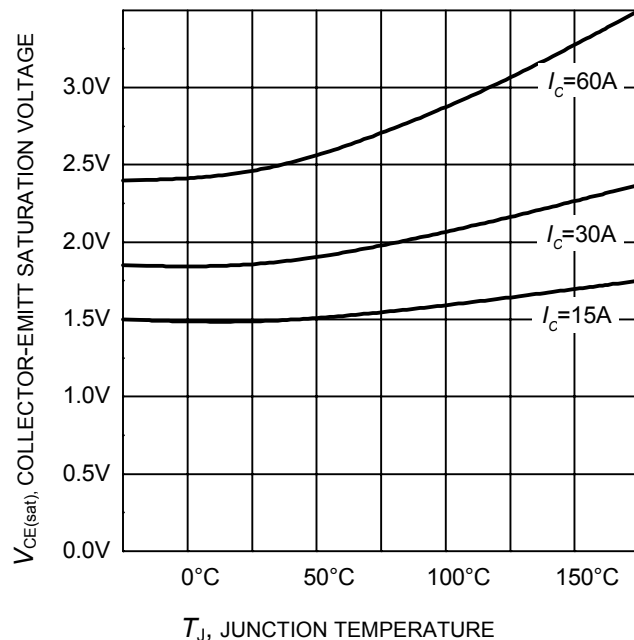


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

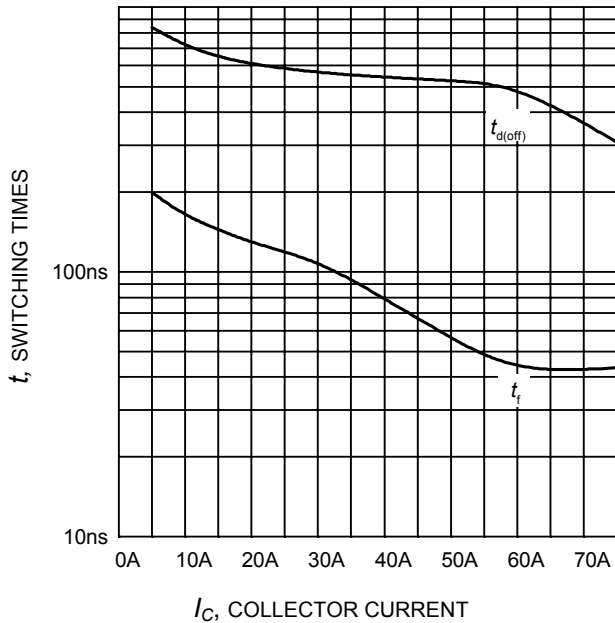


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=10\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

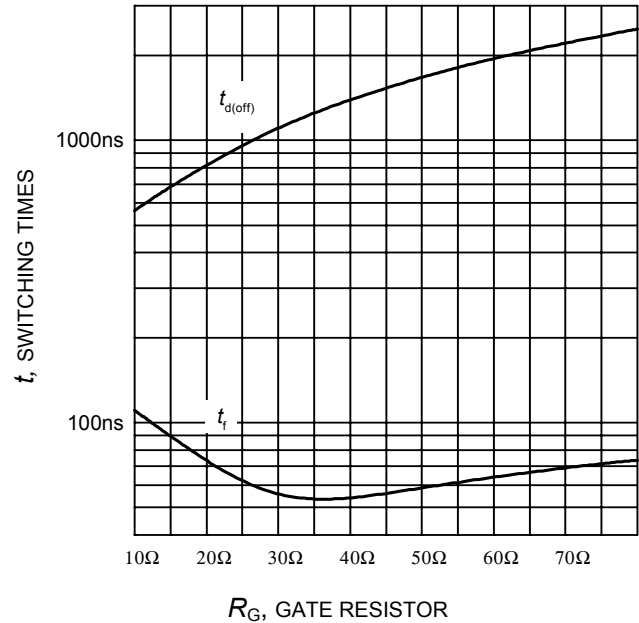


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

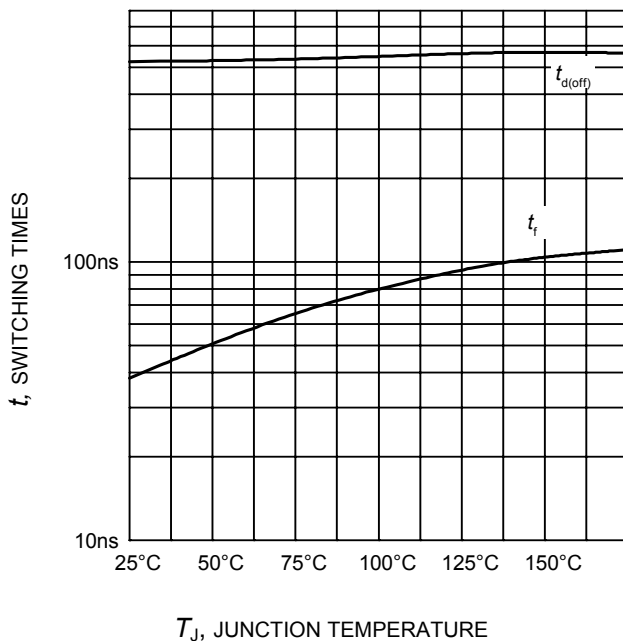


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_G=10\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

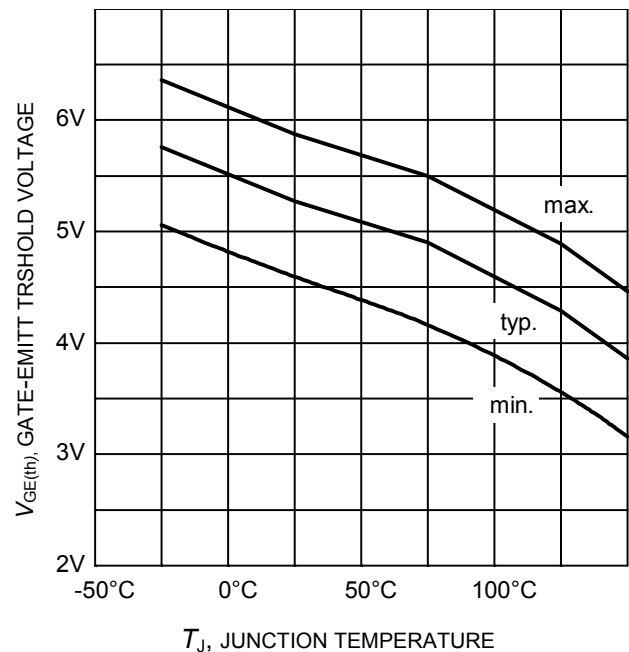


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
($I_C = 0.15\text{mA}$)

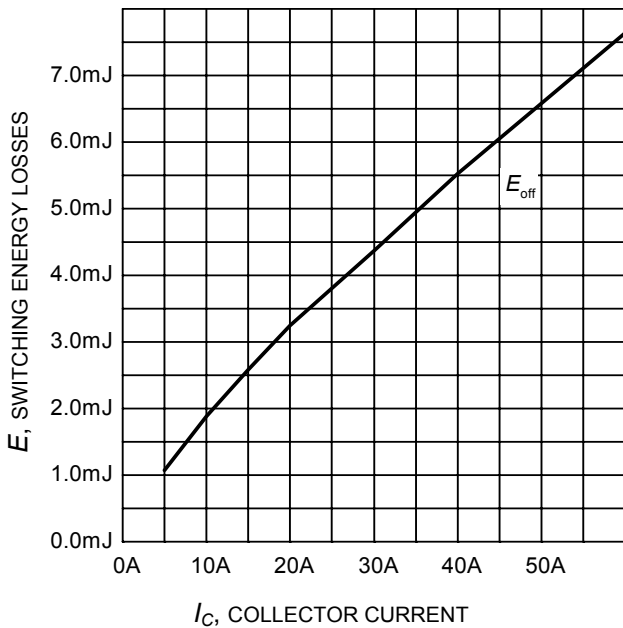


Figure 13. Typical turn-off energy as a function of collector current
 (inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=10\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

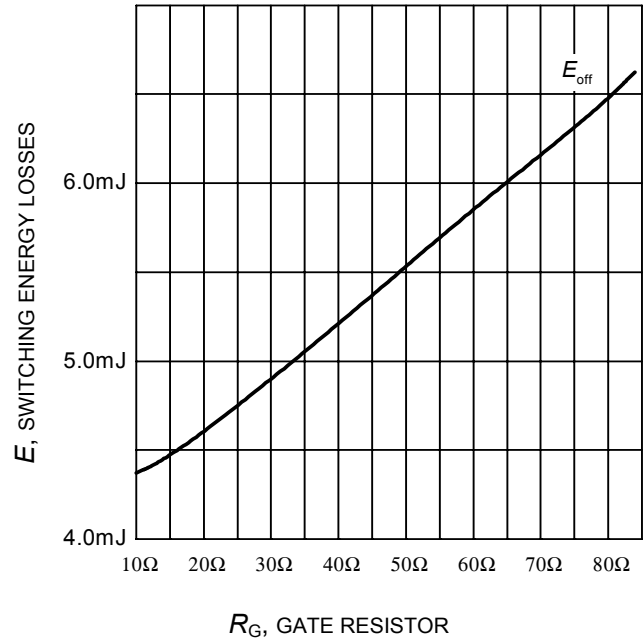


Figure 14. Typical turn-off energy as a function of gate resistor
 (inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

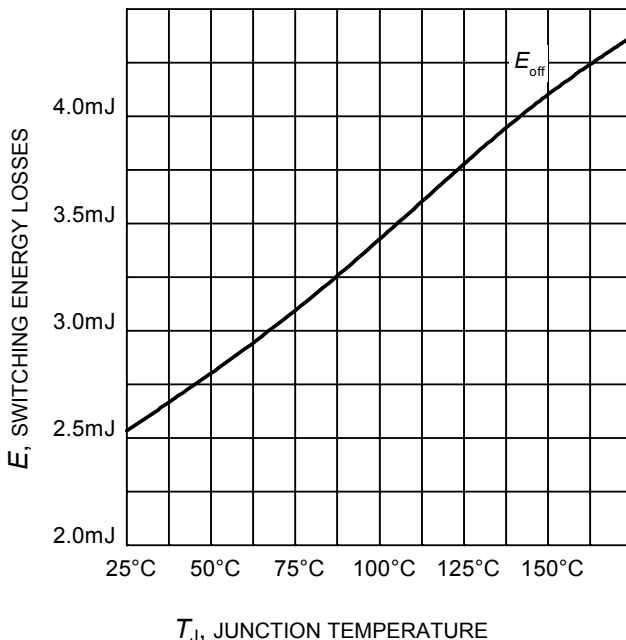


Figure 15. Typical turn-off energy as a function of junction temperature
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_G=10\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

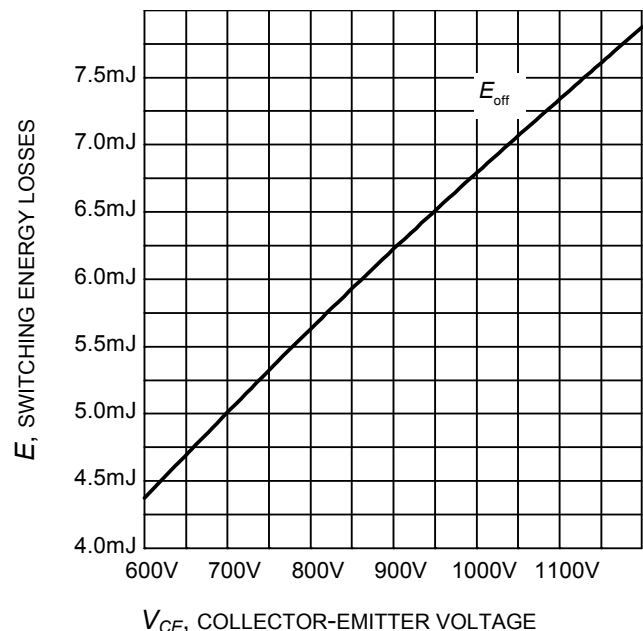


Figure 16. Typical turn-off energy as a function of collector emitter voltage
 (inductive load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_G=10\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

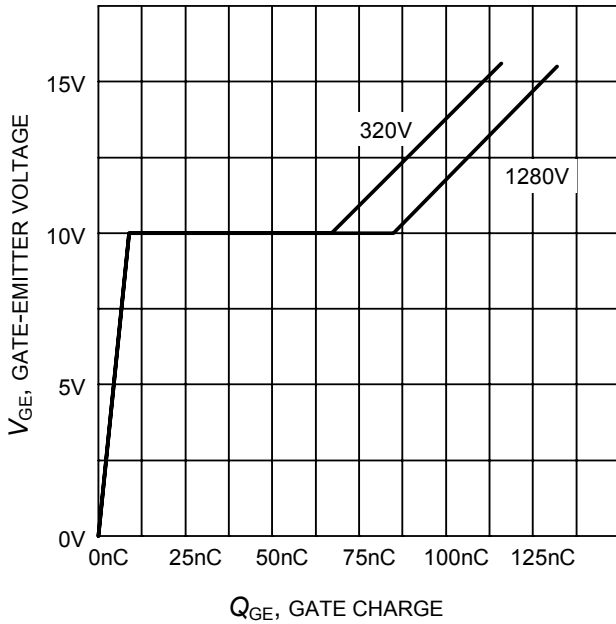


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C=30\text{ A}$)

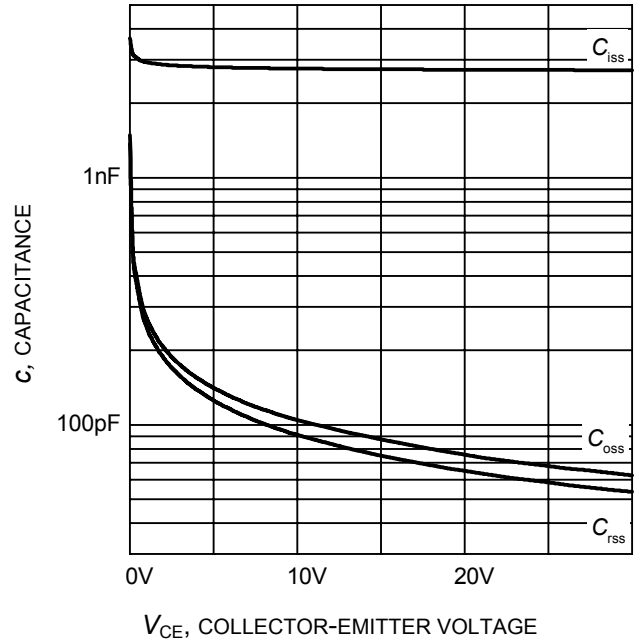


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE}=0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$)

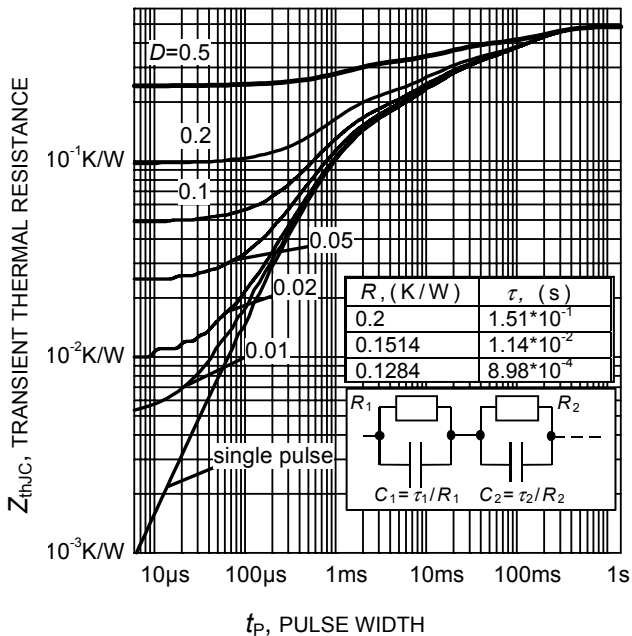


Figure 19. IGBT transient thermal resistance
($D = t_p / T$)

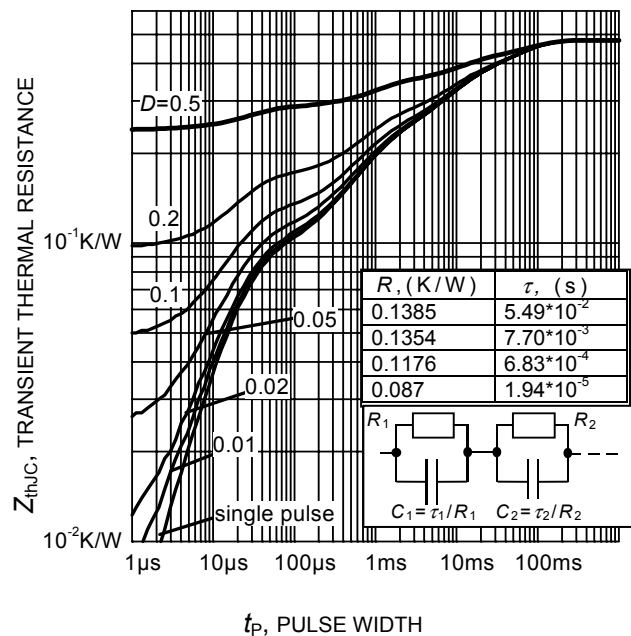


Figure 20. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D=t_p/T$)

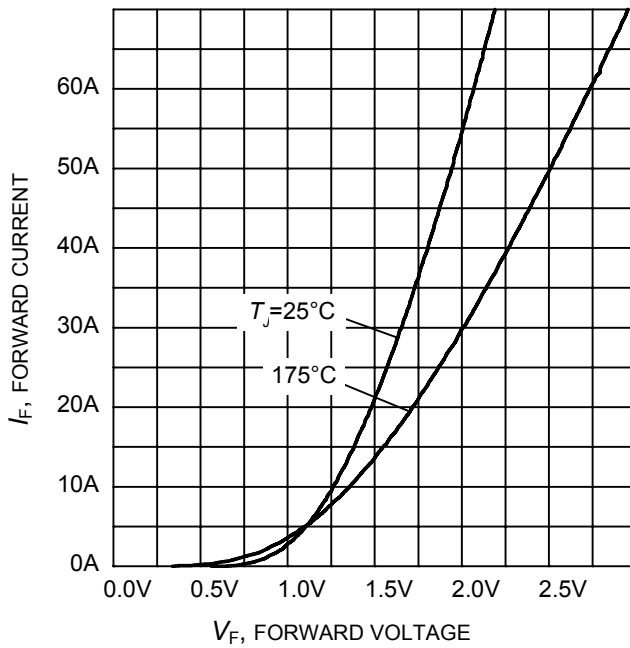


Figure 21. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

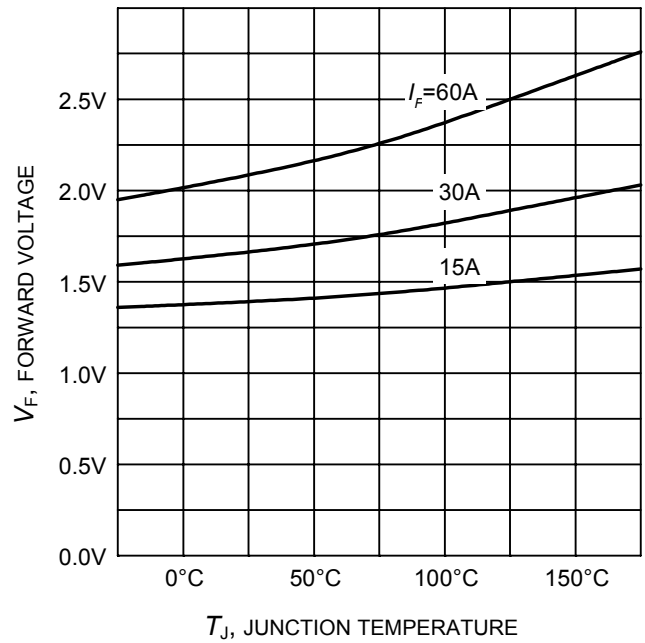
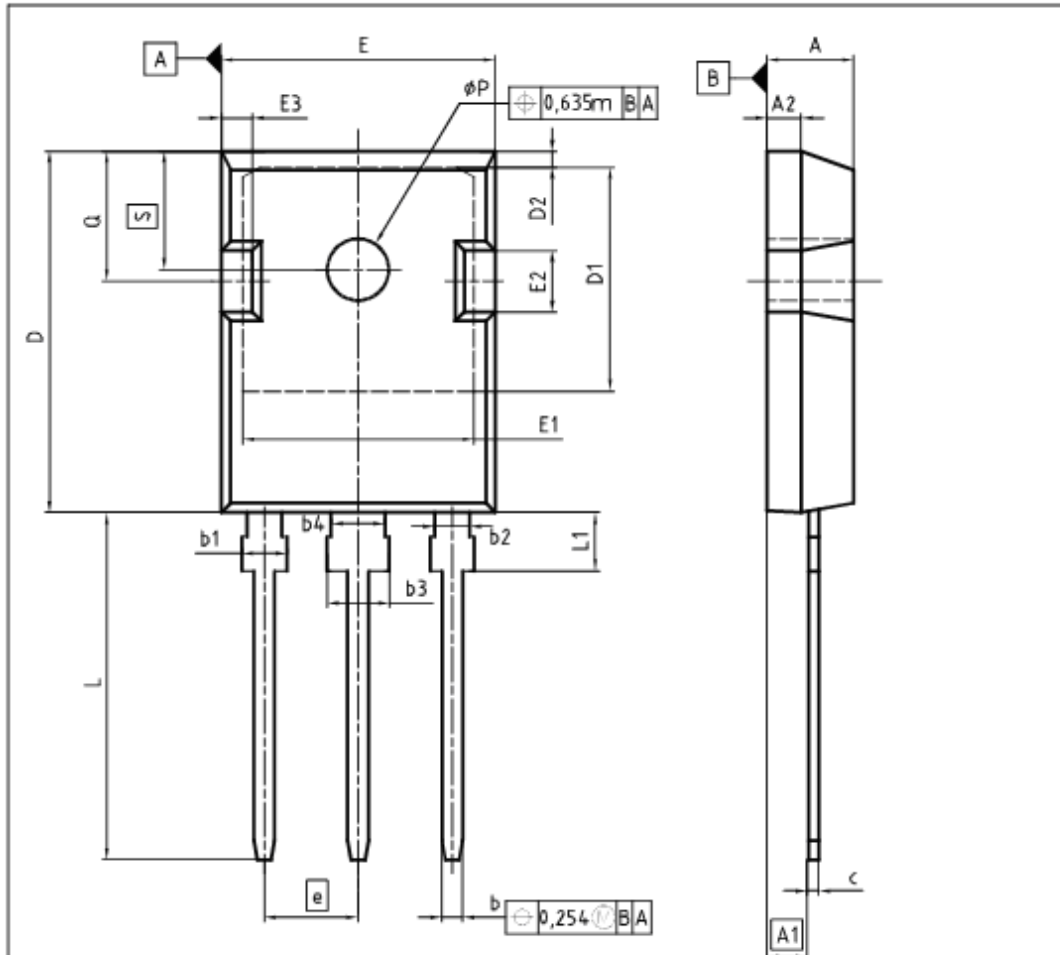


Figure 22. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

T0247-3



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.27	2.54	0.089	0.100
A2	1.85	2.16	0.073	0.085
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123
c	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027
D	20.80	21.10	0.819	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0.053
E	15.70	16.13	0.618	0.635
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.00	2.60	0.039	0.102
e	5.44		0.214	
N	3		3	
L	19.80	20.32	0.780	0.800
L1	4.10	4.47	0.161	0.176
φP	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248

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SCALE

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

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04

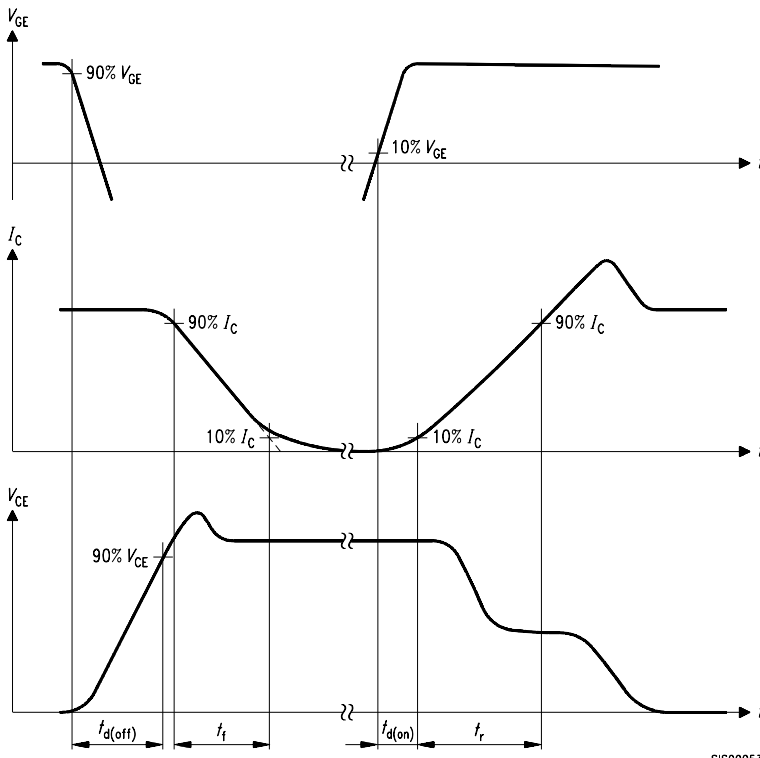


Figure A. Definition of switching times

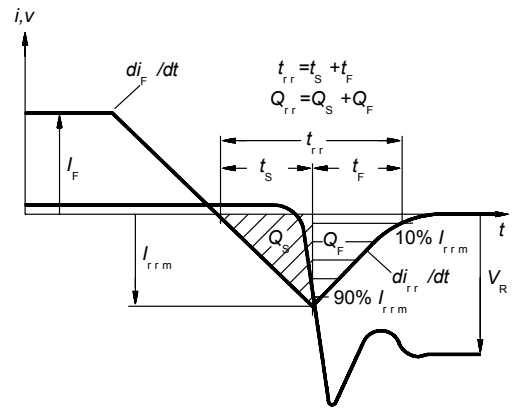


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

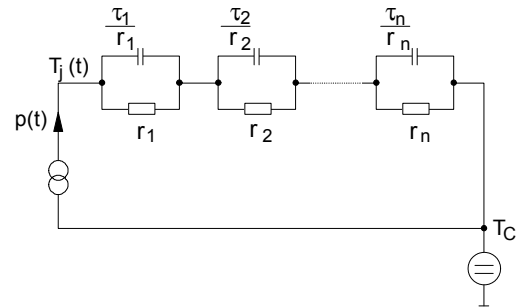


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

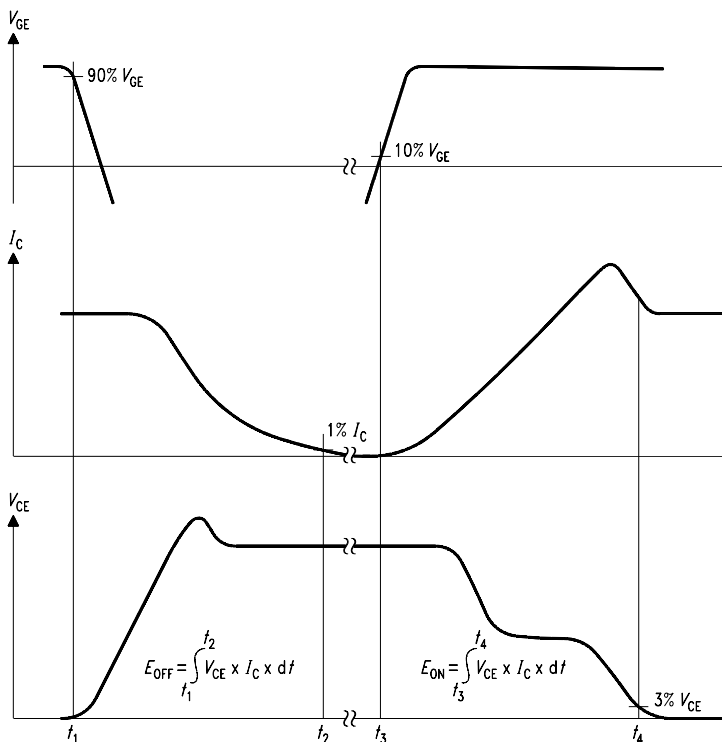


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

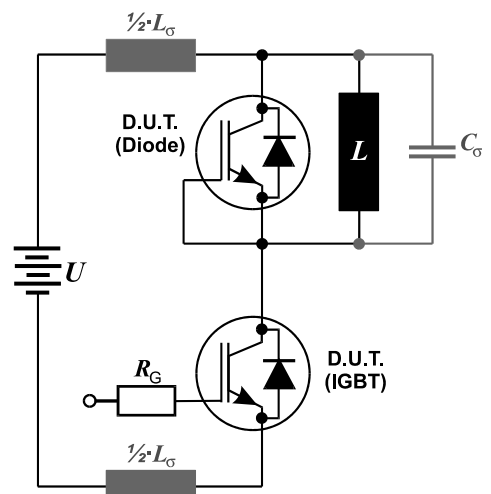


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit

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